

# KALIDA VENTURE.

JAMES MACKENZIE, EDITOR.

TUESDAY, NOV. 18, 1845.

## THE STANDARD BEARER FOR 1846.

We desire that the standard bearer of Democracy shall be an honest upright fearless man, of firm and uncompromising principles, never restrained by personal considerations from avowing his convictions of truth, and ready to uphold and maintain the right as well in adversity as prosperity. A man, who besides a pure and spotless political life, shall be of acknowledged ability and eloquence—in fact, one worthy of sustaining Democratic principles against any and every assault, whether from false friends or acknowledged foes.

There are a number of candidates suggested by their friends for nomination. Among the most prominent of these is Col. Ton, who has the suffrages of a very respectable proportion of the Democratic Press in Ohio, but hitherto his avowed opinions are such that we must look upon him as a Bank Democrat, and as not one step in advance of Wilson Shannon and the defunct party rally of "Bank Reform." This is unfortunate; he stands high in the public esteem, and he owes it to himself to give the influence of his high talents openly and frankly for the "constitutional currency," to secure which the soundest talents and truest integrity in the state are laboring. When he shall do this Press will not be backward in acknowledging his claims to the confidence and support of the Democracy.

DOUGLASS UTTER, of Clermont, has been suggested by several journals. He is indeed a patriot "without fear and without reproach"—firm, honest and capable, and would do credit to the cause in any situation to which he might be elevated. But without waiving his claims, we would, through our correspondent present the claims of Wm. H. Baldwin, of Clinton county, to whom exception cannot be well taken, who is pledged by a life of political integrity, sound views, and active and open opposition to the corruptions of the Banking system to be guided by the limits of the constitution and to maintain firmly the whole Democratic faith—who is by his ability and eloquence fully equal to any exigency which the contest may occasion, and with whom a victory would not be barren and lifeless but a step gained in the onward march of "progressive Democracy." What say our brethren of the Press?

Editor of the Kalida Venture.

Dear Sir—From divers causes which I need not enumerate, the democracy of Ohio have been beaten in the late election; want of concert of action upon the true issue between federalism and Democracy, and want of organization are the true causes of our failure. That a majority of the freemen of Ohio are opposed to federalism and its partial, and ruinous policy I have no doubt. The press, with our public speakers, and able writers have been remiss in meeting the true issues and exposing the ruinous, not to say iniquitous policy of our opponents.

Shall we surrender the laboring thousands of Ohio, with their workshops and farms, a prey to chartered cupidity and the partial and unjust legislation of federalism? Or, shall we, knowing our rights and interests, maintain and defend them as becomes freemen? A crisis is at hand that must be met as its importance demands. Twice has Ohio been crushed and robbed by the frauds of paper money banking! A third system, more hollow and villainous than either of the others, is inflating for a yet more ruinous explosion—shall we apply no correction?—shall we have a paper emission of ten or fifteen millions based on state debts and paper "kites" drawn on eastern cities, without individual liability of stockholders, without gold or silver in their vaults, and without the fear of the Penitentiary before the eyes of dishonest officers? Shall we quietly await our robbery by so hollow and fraudulent a system? Every friend of honest industry; every friend of our noble state; every friend of virtue and honesty; every one who would not see the same want of honesty, the same course of vice, idleness, and profligacy, followed by the same distress, desperation, and despondency that have heretofore cursed this fair land must say avert the impending curse. But how is it to be done? Shall we say by "bank-reform"? This has been tried. We passed laws to restrain cupidity and villany. We held bankers liable as joint partners for their issues, and made fraudulent and mal management of banks a penitentiary offence. Where are those laws? So soon as the federal, or bank party obtained the power they repealed those salutary laws. They opened anew the road to fraud and corruption, with out restriction, or responsibility. Now we have banks chartered with power to bank on state debts and bills of exchange. This is the bankers' system of banking. This is the federal system. With them it is this, or none.—They have made and forced on us the issue. Though we may restrict and restrain, yet they will repeat and license again.

This eternal vacillation must be stopped. So loose a system as that offered us we cannot and will not tolerate.

We have no alternative but submission, or the CONSTITUTIONAL HARD. Thousands, yea all say, "good banks or none?" Federalism has decided we shall not impose salutary guards and restraints on banks, that, perchance, might make them tolerable. "Good banks" are denied us. Shall we say, strike for none. This must be, it already is the issue; federalism has made it so, and shall we not accept it?

This issue was made and met in the convention which framed the constitution of the United States and, as Madison tells us, with a design "to shut and bar the door against paper money," the power to incorporate was rejected lest a bank might be created. The issue of "bills of credit" by the states was prohibited, and the making "any thing but gold and silver a legal tender" was forbid. The framers of the constitution of Ohio, for the promotion of education, authorized the granting of charters to enable associations of

persons to "hold estates real and personal for the support of schools, academies, colleges and universities;" but no power is given to grant monopolies in business, or to charter companies to make money of paper, leather, or the like.

If we accept the issue as made up by the bank party; irresponsible and unrestrained banking or the Constitutional Hard, we will but be taking that high position occupied by the framers of the constitutions of the United States and of Ohio. We shall but be assuming the position of Washington, Franklin, Jefferson, and Jackson, the four first and greatest names of America. We will be adopting the teaching and philosophy of the ablest political economists from the renowned John Locke to the present day.

For one, the writer of this, says accept the issue. It is the true, the vital issue between federalism and Democracy, between those who seek to build up a monied oligarchy at the expense of productive industry and the producing millions.

It is the issue that should rally the producers in sustaining their rights and interests against the cupidity and frauds of the chartered few.

Who shall be the Democratic standard bearer, our candidate for Governor, 1846? Who has the nerve and the talents to meet the crisis? Who can bear aloft our flag-staff with unsoiled hands? We have many good and true men of medium talent. But too many of Ohio's most talented sons have lent themselves at unwary moments to some of the many paper bubbles.

Let me suggest the name of

WM. H. BALDWIN,

OF CLINTON COUNTY.

Mr. Baldwin is a man possessing the higher order of talent as a public speaker, a ready and able debater, as all can attest who served with him in the senate of Ohio. His able, unanswerable, and unanswerable anti-bank speech, delivered during the late session of the Legislature, shows him to be right on the issues named or suggested above.

Other, and brilliant names of Ohio's noble sons have been named for this station, but who, in all respects, better suited for the station than Clinton's favorite son. As a statesman, as a sound orthodox political economist, an eloquent and persuasive speaker, a ready logical debater, with his vast store of useful knowledge obtained through an active business life he is peculiarly fitted for the times, the place, and the crisis which we have fallen upon. All who know Mr. Baldwin, will have no hesitancy in committing the Flag-staff of Ohio Democracy to his care, not doubting that it will be found proudly waving on the walls of the capitol on the second Tuesday of October, 1846.

Very respectfully by one of the

CONSTITUTIONAL HARD.

THE LYING RHAPSODIES OF A BRITISH TORY.—The Ohio State Journal a paper which is under the control, chiefly, of a British Tory—which habitually takes the side of Britain in all our national controversies with that country—a paper which is striving, might and main, to fasten the British financial policy upon the necks of our people—this mercenary, sycophantic lickspittle of tyranny and monopoly, is very much exasperated at the result of the late election in North Western Ohio. Hear him:

"As we have before remarked there was no regular opposition to the Locofocos in many of those counties. In the Mercer and Putnam Representative districts, as well as in the Senatorial district including those counties, the Whigs presented no candidates and made no organized opposition. We regret this much, as we are convinced that with good candidates in the field, and an energetic organized opposition, the result would have been quite different from that we are called on to record. In Henry County a show of opposition was made by the Whigs, and they elected a portion of their ticket.—There was a majority of 20 only for the Locofoco candidate for Representative over a Whig Independent who took the field. Tod had a majority of 30 there last fall. In Putnam an independent took the field just on the eve of election, and without organization reduced the Polk majority of 250 to 209. In Paulding, Williams and Allen, the Locofocos were allowed entire possession of the track on legislative candidates."

It is natural enough the mendacious Bank scrip of the Ohio State Journal should seek to tie down the facts connected with the result of the late election in this district. It is his vocation to lie for his masters. The incorruptible Democracy of the North West can never hope for forgiveness, decency or truth from the Bank plunderers and their organs.

But in order to disabuse the public mind, beyond the limits of this district, of the false impression sought to be established by the Journal, we will here state that that paper has not uttered the truth in any one of the above sentences. The chief falsehood is in regard to this Representative District, namely—that the federal party made no organized opposition. The truth is the whig party were as well organized as they could have been. The whig wire pullers of this district were in constant correspondence with the central Bank clique at Columbus, and every effort was made to drag their voters to the polls. But the rank and file even among the whig party could not be persuaded to vote the Bank ticket.

The "Independent whig candidate" for the House, instead of being announced just on the eve of election, as asserted by this lying Bank scullion, entered the field immediately after the Representative convention was held—and had been announced through all the papers of the district, as well as in the Maumee River Times, previous to the holding of the Democratic Senatorial convention. If the Democrats "had entire possession of the track" in this Senatorial and Representative District, it was because the Bank corruptionists could not help themselves;—it was because the people were too enlightened, too patriotic, and too well informed in regard to their own true interests, to submit their necks to the iron yoke of the Bankers. The so called "Independent Whig Candidate," for

the Senate and House, were as popular men as could have been selected from the federal party in the District.

The Lima Reporter and also the Argus state that they are informed that we refused absolutely to publish the notice of the application for the new county of Auglaize. We are ready, if necessary, to prove by at least three of the most respectable citizens in the county, present during the whole conversation, that our statement of last week is true in every particular, and that the report to the contrary is false in letter and spirit.—We have made no statement upon this matter which we cannot substantiate by testimony which will not leave a doubt; and from the statements of the agent of the Wapakonetta interest to one of our citizens, it is certain that his misrepresentations are intentional and not the result of mistake. We court investigation.

BE THANKFUL.—The Governor of Ohio has issued his proclamation designating Thursday, the 20th November, as a day of thanksgiving and prayer, in Ohio.

As the late victory in Ohio was a paper money affair, we presume the collect for the day will be a shipplaster, and the sermon, Alfred Kelley's bank bill.—U. S. Journal.

And the response of all good people will be "Let us flee from the crash to come."

The hypocritical piety of the O. S. Journal is shocked at the levity and irreligion of the Washington journalist, in being guilty of the bitter irony of supposing any people could be thankful for the establishment of so infamous a law—though his indignation had better be reserved for the next Urbana, Gallopis or Granville delinquency of which his Whig associates will be guilty.

The Cincinnati Union a paper of some six week's standing is getting its character for respectability vouched for by the Whigs for the following sentiment: "The democracy must come together upon some common ground, even if it be a total relinquishment of the currency question." The Judas-like semblance of the democracy of this sentiment stamps the Editor of this Union as one who would join hands with Beelzebub at any time for an office—or the profits of one.

## NOTICE

At my instance an attachment was this day issued by Stansberry Sutton, a Justice of the peace of Blanchard township, Putnam county, against the property and effects of James Latta, a non resident of said county. Dated the 20th of October A. D. 1845.

C. M. GODFREY.

## ESTRAY HORSES.

ESTRAYED from the residence of the subscriber, in Perry township, Putnam county, on Tuesday, 14th of October, a small sorrel horse, 144 hands high—hind parts intermixed with white hair—fore feet incline outwards—10 or 12 years old.

Also, a bay horse—star in the forehead—hind and fore feet on the left side are white—about 154 or 16 hands high—a little affected with the spring laid—10 or 12 years old.

Whoever will return said horses, or either of them, to the subscriber, or give any information where they can be found, shall be handsomely rewarded.

STEPHEN WHITE.

Perry tp., Putnam co., O.  
October 28th, 1845.

## ATTACHMENT NOTICE.

ALL persons interested will take notice that Thomas Griffith on the ninth day of September, A. D. 1845, sued out a writ of attachment from the court of common pleas, of Putnam county, in the state of Ohio, against Edward Griffith, for the sum of six hundred dollars, which writ has been served and returned.

Attest, MOSES LEE, Clerk.  
Dated October 27, 1845.

BERR, TELFORD & ACKERMAN, Attys for Plff.

## FASHIONABLE TAILORING.

JOSEPH TINGLE, RESPECTFULLY informs the citizens of Kalida and the surrounding country that he carries on the business of TAILORING in all its branches. He regularly receives plates of the LATEST FASHIONS from Philadelphia, and is prepared to fulfill all orders in his line of business in a tasteful and workmanlike manner.

CUTTING done to order on the shortest notice. Prices as at the times. Shop next house above T. Conter's store. Kalida, July 8, 1845.

GEORGE SKINNER, SADDLE & HARNESS MAKER, Kalida, Putnam county, Ohio. Orders promptly executed. Saddles, &c., constantly on hand.

THE ESTATE OF JOSEPH FORD DECEASED. The undersigned has been duly appointed and qualified as executor of the last will and testament of Joseph Ford late of Putnam county deceased; all those indebted to said estate are hereby notified to make immediate payment, and those having claims against said estate will present them legally authenticated for settlement within one year from this date.

JOHN DEFFENBAUGH, Executor.  
October 25th 1845.

## NOTICE

IS hereby given to the inhabitants of Putnam county, Ohio, that a petition will be presented to the commissioners of Putnam County at their next session on the first Monday in December, being the first day of said month, 1845, at the court house in Kalida in said county, praying for the lay out a county road beginning on the Findlay, Gilboa and Miami townships, township one, section line in section twenty nine, township one, north range seven east, thence south on said half section line, through said section twenty-nine and thirty-two and a part of section eight in Pleasant township on the half section line as aforesaid to intersect the Riley Creek road in said Pleasant township.

October 28, A. D. 1845.

## ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that the subscriber has been appointed by the Court of common pleas of Putnam county administrator of the estate of William Solomon, of Richland township in said county deceased. Those who are indebted to the estate, are notified to make inmediate payment and those having claims against the estate to present the same duly authenticated for settlement.

JOHN B. READER, Adm'r.  
October 7, 1845.

RICHARD C. SPEARS, ATTORNEY AT LAW, Van Wert, Van Wert County, Ohio.

Feb. 1844.

## IN CHANCERY.

Samuel S. Hankins,

The Commissioners of Paulding County, Lynne Starling, Elias Shirley, John Hudson, Hannah Bowyer, James Failer, Elizabeth Van Horne, William A. Van Horne, Charles Van Horne, Elizabeth Van Horne, Jr., Mary Van Horne, Catharine Van Horne, Dennis Adams, Jr., Sophia Adams, Susan Adams, Harriet French, and — French, her husband.

The non-resident defendants to this suit are hereby notified that the said complaint on the 14th day of August, 1844, filed in the court of common pleas of Paulding county, stating that Benjamin F. Hollister, Elias Shirley, Thomas B. Van Horne, James Fisher, on behalf of Hannah Bowyer, and Jacob Dewees on behalf of Lynne Starling executed certain bonds to the State of Ohio, conditioned for the donating of certain lands to the use of said county of Paulding for the erection of public buildings in the event of the seat of justice being located at Churloo in said Paulding county, that said seat of justice was accordingly located at said Churloo and that the said lands together with all equity pertaining thereto were transferred to said complainant by said commissioners for the building of a court house and jail for said county and that complainant built said jail and court house according to said contract and that the said Thomas B. Van Horne departed this life leaving the said Elizabeth Van Horne, his widow, and William A. Van Horne, Charles Van Horne, Elizabeth Van Horne, Jr., Mary Van Horne, Catharine Van Horne, Dennis Adams, Jr., Sophia Adams, Susan Adams, Harriet French, and — French, her husband, his heirs at law. And said bill prays the Court to perfect title in the said complainant for said land, the same lying in said Paulding county. Now, therefore, if the said defendants shall not appear before said Court at the next term and answer said bill the same will be taken as confessed against them.

A. J. TAYLOR, Clerk.  
October 23, 1845.

CORPSE, Sol. for complainant.

## SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of a writ of fieri facias to me directed from the court of common pleas of Holmes county, Ohio, I will offer for sale, at the door of the court house, in Kalida, in Putnam county, Ohio, on Saturday the 29th of November next, between the hours of ten o'clock, A. M., and four o'clock P. M. the following described tract of land to wit: The undivided half of the south west quarter of section twenty-six, township number two, north of range number eight east, all in Putnam county, Ohio. Taken as the property of Samuel C. McDowell to satisfy a judgment in favor of James McCoughy for the use of Jonathan Wolgamott.

T. R. McCLURE, Sheriff.  
Kalida, Oct. 27th, 1845.

FEVER & AGUE  
Chill Fever, Dumb Ague, Intermittent & Remittent Fevers & all the various forms of Bilious Diseases  
SPEEDILY & THOROUGHLY CURED  
By Dr. Osgood's India Cholagogue

This invaluable medicine was prepared from an extensive practice of several years in a bilious climate, and is never known to fail of curing Fever and Ague, or any of the above diseases.

It is equally effectual for the cure of Liver Complaint, Jaundice, enlargement of the liver; also enlargement of the spleen, called Ague cake, and the various forms of bilious Indigestion. These, with the other varied affections of such climates, arising from a common miasmatic cause, are only modifications of the same disease, and equally controlled by the same remedy.

Residents of bilious climates, emigrants, or persons traveling through infected districts of country, will find the Cholagogue an invariable and absolute preventive.

Each bottle of medicine is accompanied with a pamphlet on the "Causes, Treatment, and cure of Fever and Ague, and other Diseases of Bilious Climates," containing much valuable information, and may be had gratis of the undersigned agent.

From the Hon. Wm. A. FLETCHER, Chief Justice, Supreme Court of the State of Michigan.

ANN ARBOR, Feb. 17th 1842.

Mr. EDWARD BINGHAM: Sir—Having had repeated opportunities during the last year, to witness the salutary effects of Dr. Osgood's India Cholagogue; it affords me great pleasure to bear testimony in its favor, as an invaluable remedy in cases of fever and ague and bilious diseases generally. Many cases have come under my observation, of persons who have suffered for years, who have been immediately relieved by the use of one or two bottles of the Cholagogue; and I have not known a single case where relief has not been obtained by its use.

Believing that the general use of this medicine must be of the greatest importance to all persons living in those parts of our country, which are subject to bilious Diseases, I give it this general recommendation, Nor is the pleasure of this act diminished by the fact that I am personally acquainted with Dr. Osgood, and that I have the most entire confidence in him as a skillful, experienced, and judicious physician. I remain respectfully, your most obedient servant,

WM. A. FLETCHER.

SANFORD & PARK, Cincinnati, General agents for the West.

Sold by H. G. LEE, Kalida.

JOSEPH GRUVER, Section 10.

## NOTICE.

TAKE notice that I am determined to pay no debts whatever that my Wife, Harriet Brower contracts from this date. She has left my house, bed and board without any just cause.

HOGAN BROWER.  
Greensburg Tp., Putnam co.,  
October 17th 1845.

## NOTICE

IS hereby given that a Petition will be presented at the next sitting of the Commissioners of Putnam County praying for a County Road. Commencing at the base line at the northwest corner of the north east quarter of the north east quarter of section five in Pleasant township, Putnam county, Ohio, thence south to or near the west bank of Cranberry, thence on the west bank of Cranberry on the nearest and best ground to intersect the Kalida and Riley Creek Road in section eight in said Pleasant township.

Oct. 27, 1845.

LANDS FOR SALE IN PUTNAM COUNTY.

WEST half of North East quarter of Section 28, Town 1 North, Range Six East, 80 acres.  
West half of South West quarter of Section 29, Town 1 North, Range Eight East, 80 acres.  
North West quarter, and west half of South East quarter, and North East quarter of South East quarter, and west half of South West quarter of Section 7, Town 1 North, Range Six East, 360 acres.  
North East quarter of Section 7, Town 1 North, Range Six East, 160 acres.  
These lands will be sold low for cash; or for one year cash and the balance in one, two, and three years, with interest, and those having no money, can pay by clearing land in this township.  
A. F. EDGERTON, Agent.  
Hicksville, Delaware co. O.  
June 1, 1845.



## CURE FOR CONSUMPTION!

WISTAR'S BALM OF WILD CHERRY  
Will Miracles never cease! More evidence of its surpassing Health Restorative Virtues!!!

From Dr. Baker, Springfield, Washington county, Ky: I

SPRINGFIELD, Ky., May 14, 1845.

Messrs Sanford & Park—Agents:—I take this opportunity of informing you of a most remarkable cure performed upon me by the used of DR. WISTAR'S BALM OF WILD CHERRY.

In the year 1840 I was taken with inflammation of the bowels which I labored under for six weeks when I gradually recovered. In the fall of 1841 I was attacked with a severe cold, which seated itself upon my lungs; and for the space of three years I was confined to my bed. I tried all kinds of Medicines, and every variety of medical aid without benefit; and thus I wasted along until the winter of 1844, when I heard of "Wistar's Balm of Wild Cherry."

My friends persuaded me to give it a trial though I had given up all hopes of a recovery, and had prepared myself for the change of another world. Through their solicitation I was induced to make use of the "Genuine Wistar's Balm of Wild Cherry." The effect was truly astonishing. After five years of affliction, pain and suffering; and after having spent four or five hundred dollars to no purpose, and the best and most respectable physicians had proved unavailing, I was soon restored to entire health by the blessing of God and the use of Doctor Wistar's Balm of Wild Cherry.

I am now enjoying good health, and such is my altered appearance that I am no longer known when I meet my former acquaintances.

I have gained rapidly in weight, and my flesh is firm and solid. I can now eat as much as any person, and my food seems to agree with me. I have eaten more during the last six months than I had eaten five years before.

Considering my case almost a miracle, I deem it necessary for the good of the afflicted, and a duty I owe to the proprietors and my fellow men (who should know where relief may be had) to make this statement public.

May the blessings of God rest upon the proprietors of so valuable a Medicine as Wistar's Balm of Wild Cherry.

Yours Respectfully,  
WILLIAM H. BAKER.

Price \$1 per bottle, or six bottles for \$5.

For sale in Cincinnati only by SANFORD & PARK.

Western Depot of valuable Medicines, corner of Fourth and Walnut-sts.

Sold by H. G. LEE, Kalida,  
S. GRUVER, Section 10.

## DOCTOR P. L. COLE,

Physician & Surgeon,  
Kalida, Putnam co., Ohio. Office in the building formerly occupied by Mr. Thatcher, as the American Hotel, April 18, 1845.

## KALIDA EXCHANGE.

THE subscriber has purchased the old stand, in the brick building directly opposite the Court House, in Kalida, Putnam county, Ohio, favorably known as "Riley's Exchange." He respectfully solicits the patronage of the public—and in return, he will spare no pains to secure the comfort and convenience of his guests, who will find at the Exchange every accommodation usually found at hotels in this section of his state.

S. E. HOLIBAUGH.  
Kalida, Aug. 26, 1845.

## LAND AGENCY.

THE subscriber has established a Land Agency at Kalida, Ohio, for the purchase and sale of Real Estate, payment of Taxes, &c., in the Counties of Putnam, Paulding and Van Wert. Being connected with the American Associated Agency, which extends throughout the United States and the principal States of Europe; he expects to be of essential benefit to all who may engage his services.

GEO. SKINNER.  
Kalida, Ohio, Feb. 24, 1844.

## WESTERN HOTEL, (Gilboa.)

CHRISTIAN HIEZ  
HAS purchased the well known tavern stand in Gilboa, Putnam county, Ohio, lately occupied by John E. Creighton, and has fitted the same up for the accommodation of the public. He hopes, by a strict attention to the wants and convenience of those who may favor him with their patronage, to merit continuance of the same. Gilboa, Feb., '44.

## PLAIN AND FANCY Job Printing.

ALL DESCRIPTIONS OF PRINTING NEATLY EXECUTED AT THIS OFFICE.

LAW BLANKS, HANDBILLS, BUSINESS CARDS,

Pinecards, Show-Bills, PAMPHLETS, CIRCULARS

Notes, Receipts,

AND ALL KINDS OF LETTER-PRESS PRINTING DONE TO ORDER.

Persons favoring us with their commands will have their orders promptly attended to, on fair and reasonable terms, for Cash or trade, as will best suit the parties.

Kalida, June, 1845.